

Breast and Cervical Cancer in Texas



Breast cancer is the second most common cancer diagnosed among women in Texas. Cervical Cancer ranks seventh of the leading cancers diagnosed among Texas women. Surviving breast and cervical cancer depends on how early the cancer is detected. The best way to detect breast or cervical cancer in its early stages is through regular screening. The Breast and Cervical Cancer Services offers clinical breast examinations, mammograms, pelvic examinations, and Pap tests throughout Texas at no cost to [eligible](#) women.

Welcome

The goal of Texas' Breast and Cervical Cancer Services (BCCS) is to reduce mortality from breast cancer and cervical cancer in Texas. Since 1991, more than [194,000](#) women in Texas have received early cancer detection services with over [2,650](#) breast cancers and [7,200](#) cervical cancers and precancerous lesions diagnosed with BCCS funds. Breast and Cervical Cancer screening and diagnostic services are provided at no cost to low income women who have no health insurance at over 200 sites throughout Texas by local and regional health departments, community health centers, university-based teaching institutions, public and private hospitals, and other community based organizations.